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# Original Research Paper

Ayurveda

# Role of Dhataki phuspa (woodfordia fruticosa Kurz.) in pravahika

Dr.Vijay Singh Mujalde

Dept. of Dravyaguna Pt. khusilal sharma Govt.( Autonomous ) Ayurveda College & institute Bhopal (M.P.)

Agurveda is the medical science .being one of the world's oldest medical system . According to Acharya Charaka Ayurveda deals with the preventive and curative aspect of the disease . Ayurvedic texts have mentioned the use of innumerable plants and their preprations in the treatment of various diseases . The two main goals of Ayurveda are to protect the health of a healthy person and to eradicate the disease . These two goals can be achieved with help of Dravya. The imbalance of the tridoshas of body can be treated with the help of Panchbhoutika Dravya.

PRAVAHIKA as described in Ayurvedic texts could be compared with Dysentery. Pravahika is diagnosed by the symptoms of Atipravahana (Tenesmus), diarrhoea with passage of mucous mixed stool and abdominal Cramps etc. According to Ayurveda, Pravahika is caused by excessive Intake of Katu, Amala, Lavavna, rasa and Guru, Snigdha, Ruksha, Usna, Sheeta, Guna Dravyas, Intake of excessive liquid and Vishmashana, Alpasha, also promotes Pravahika, DHATAKI is very useful in the management of Pravahika According to acharya Charaka, Dhataki is included in purishasangrahaniya and mutraviranjaniya and sandhaniya Ganas, Acharya sushrutha has included dhataki in priyangvada and ambustadi Ganas .Dhataki has astringent properties there by useful in chronic Diarrhoea and Dysentery.

# **KEYWORDS**: Woodfordia fruticosa, Fire flamed bush, Dhataki,

#### INTRODUCTION:

Fire flame bush (woodfordia fruticosa kurz.) commonly called as Dhataki. It is mainly emphasized in the ancient Ayurvedic texts as one of the most important fermentation products, hence thae names madyapushpa and madakara. According to p.v.sharma in his Dravyaguna vijnanam the main function of dhataki is stambhan. Dhataki is widely cultivated as an ornamental shrub. It is cultivated in garden for its flowers, which are borne during the summer months. the flowers are flame coloured, hence the name is fire flame bush, Dhataki flowers are useful the treatment of dysentery, diarrhoea, sangrahani, raktapradar, lucorrhoean piles, liver disease, and also useful in disorder of mucous membranes, haemorrhoids,

Botnical origin:-

Sanskrit Name - Dhataki

Latin name - Woodfordia fruticosa kurz.

Family - Lytharaceae

Vernacular name: Fire flamed bush, Dhavadi, Dhaya,

Classification - Charaka - Purishasangrahaniya,

Mutravirajaniya,

Sushruta-Priyangvadi, Ambasthadi,

Synonyms with nirukti: Subhiksha- it grows abundantly

Parvatiya – it grows in hills.

Bahupushpika- it bears flowers profusely.

Gucchapushpa-it flowers are in bunches.

**Datupushpi, vahnipushpa,**-its flowers are fire red colour and such it is known as fire flame bush.

Dhataki-it is used in many disease.

Habitat - Found throughout india upto 1500-2000 m.

Morphology: - it is a bushy shrub, with long, spreading branches, pubescent, young branchlets and leaves with numerous small, black glands .leaves are oppsite or sub opposite, grey-pubescent beneath, ovate or linears-lanceolate. Flowers are scarlet showy, tubular or slender pedicels dilated above, borne in axillary cluster .Fruits are capsules, ellipsoid, membranous, included in the calyx .Seeds are cuneate-obovate, smooth . Flowering in feb-april and fruiting in april-june .

### Rasa panchak:-

धातकी कटुरुष्णा च मद्क्रद्विषनाशिनी | प्रवाहिकातिसार?नी विसर्पव्रणनाशिनी || रा.नि., पिप्पल्यादि वर्ग २१५

Rasa - kashaya , Guna - laghu , ruksha , virya - sheeta ,

vipak – katu

Chemical composition – Flowers contains 2% tannin, hccogenin, inositol, kaeemperol-3-glucoside,naringenin-7-7glucoside, woodferdins A,B,C, lawsone, etc.

Karma:-Kahpa-pitta hara, Garbha sansthapaka

Pharmecological activities:-Antimicrobial activity, Antiulcer activity, Hepatoprotective activity, antitumor activity, wound healing activity, Immunomodulatory activity, Antifertility activity, Antibacterial activity, Antihyperglycemic activity, Antiviral activity, Antipyretic activity, Analgesic activity, Antioxident activity, Antiproliferative activity, Antilucorrhoea activity,

#### Ayurvedic properties:-

According to Ayurveda Dhataki is kashaya (astringent) in teste (rasa) light (laghu), dry (ruksha), in properties (guna) pungent (katu)in metabolism (vipaka), cold (sheeta),in potency (veerya), kapha-pitta hara madkari in action (karma), due to these properties, it pacify kapha and pitta dosha while aggravate vata dosha.flower of Dhataki is highly beneficial in Atisara, raktatisara jwaratisara, pravahika, sangrahani,Raktpradara, Arsha, sarpavisha, varna, Sushrutha mentioned about the properties of Dhataki pushpa as Bhagnasandhankara, pittahara, and Vranaropan, (su.s.su.38/45-46)

## Medicinal uses:-

Charaka has mantiond lodhra, dhataki, indrayava, karanjaand jati-paste of these should be used in kustha for an ointment. (cs.ci. 7.95)

Sushrutha ,in conjunctivitis caused by pitta , powder of dhataki and candana mixed with breast milk should be used as collyrium .(su.u. 10.9)

Vaghbhata, for chaild , modaka prepared of dhataki flowers ,sarkara and parched paddy should be given in diarrhoea.( A.H.U.1.39)

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One suffering from dysentery should be take *dhataki ,badari* leaves *,kapittha* juice ,honey and *lodhra-*all together with curd .(B.P.ci. 2.120)

Powder of *dhataki* or *amalaki* mixed with profuse honey should be used in leucorrhoea.(V.M.63) etc..

Part used:-Flower, bark, leaves Dosage:-1-5g, pushpachurna 3-6g.

#### Important preparation:

Dhatakyadi taila ,Dhatkyadi churna pusyanug churna Brhat gangadhara churna , pippaliyasava , kankkasava , abhyaristha , ashokaristha , arvindasava ,

#### **CONCLUSION:-**

This Article is an give a detail review of this Important medicinal plant used in indian system of medicine *Dhataki* (woodfordia fruticosa kurz.) in this article ,we had discussed about the classical feferences , phytochemicals , pharmacognostical and pharmacological properties of woodfordia fruticosa kurz. The various phytochemical present in it are glucoside, tannins alkloides which act as active biological constituents .woodfordia fruticosa kurz. Act as antimicrobial ,antitumor, antifertility, analgesic antidysentry , antiproferative etc..

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