Emerging Trends in Human Resources Management

ABSTRACT
Developing Human Resource is called Human Resource Development. Human Resource Management is a philosophy, while Human Resource Development includes the activities and processes undertaken to promote the intellectual, moral, psychological, cultural, social and economic development of the individuals in an organization, in order to help them to achieve higher human potential as a resource for the community. It is a continuous process by which the employees are assisted in a planned way to develop capabilities. HRM has the responsibility to maximize efficiency and profit, but in the emerging scenario, the role of HR manager is changing rapidly due to changes in government policies, unions, labour legislations and technology. The trends have taken place in the organization, human resource planning, job design, motivation, recruitment, skill development and employee relations. The challenges can be faced by HRM effectively, if proper strategies are implemented. Hence, the role of HRM will be more significant in future due to the emerging scenario. This paper is an attempt to explain the emerging trends in HRM.

Introduction:
The management of Human Resources has now assumed strategic importance in the achievement of organizational growth and excellence. As globalization advances and move into the information age, organizations need to adapt to the changes in technology and the changing issues in management of people. Some critical issues have clearly emerged - planning, acquisition and development of human resources, responding to the demands of the work place and, above all, evolving a strategy of dealing with industrial conflict. As a management practice, it covers all the conventional areas of personnel management and industrial relations, as well as the relatively new areas such as communication, counselling, training and development, and job enrichment.

Developing HR is called HRD. HRM is a philosophy, while HRD includes the activities and processes undertaken to promote the intellectual, moral, psychological, cultural, social and economic development of the individuals in an organization, in order to help them to achieve higher human potential as a resource for the community. It is a continuous process by which the employees are assisted in a planned way to develop capabilities.

Trends in HRM
An organization’s labour force comes from its external labour market - individuals who are actively seeking employment. HRM helps organizations find and keep the best possible fit between their social system and technical system. Organizations need employees with broad skills and strong motivation. Recruiting and selection decisions are especially important for organizations that rely on knowledge workers. Employees’ responsibility and authority are given to make decisions regarding all aspects of product development or customer service. HR professionals can support organizational strategies for quality growth and efficiency. Organizations with international operations hire employees in foreign countries, where they operate, as they need knowledge of differences in culture and business practices.

Now-a-days, information system has become a tool for more HRM applications. Organizations search for talents, and screening candidates online. Employees may receive training online. The employment relationship takes the form of a psychological contract that describes what employers and employees expect from the employment relationship. The employees are looking for flexible work schedules, comfortable working conditions, and greater autonomy, opportunities for training and development, and performance-related financial incentives. For HRM, the changes require planning for flexible staffing levels. Organizations seek flexibility in staffing levels through alternatives to the employment relationship. They may use outsourcing as well as temporary and contract workers.

HRM in Cross-Cultural Context
Multi-cultural workforce congregations have become today's workplace realities. The cross-border market terrorism spared by MNCs evoked counter-insurgency and strategic warfare from domestic businesses. Partnering people in this race is vital for success in the market place. Workplaces have increasingly symbolized multi-cultural villages, resulting in a growing need for cross-cultural intelligence. The future competitiveness of corporations will depend on their ability to attract and manage diverse talents effectively. Cross-cultural training will give managers on international assignments the cross-cultural understanding essential to accomplish their tasks. Cross-cultural differences are the cause of failed negotiations and interactions, resulting in losses to the firms. The strategic role of HRM in strengthening and sustaining corporate growth has assumed paramount significance, the world over.

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<thead>
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<th>Political</th>
<th>Economic</th>
<th>Social</th>
<th>Technological</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Increased demands for transparency in government and organizations</td>
<td>Increased government involvement in economic growth</td>
<td>International and internal migrations</td>
<td>Pace of technological innovation is increasing</td>
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<td>Increasing dispersal of national power between developed and developing nations</td>
<td>Increasing gap between rich and poor individuals</td>
<td>Increased interconnectivity of people, organizations and societies</td>
<td>Genomics</td>
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<td>Narrowing of gaps in national power between developed and developing nations</td>
<td>Rapidly increasing national debt to GDP ratios</td>
<td>Changing family structure</td>
<td>&quot;Digitalization&quot; of lifestyle and work life</td>
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<td>Increase in the power of non-state actors (businesses, organizations such as the World Bank)</td>
<td>Growth and increasing instability of sovereign wealth funds</td>
<td>Increasing power of women</td>
<td>Breakthrough or transformative technologies</td>
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<td>Increase in state capitalism</td>
<td>Aging population</td>
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Conclusion:
The traditional functions of HRM now need to be strategically directed towards developing and sustaining organizational capabilities, through activities that overlap with traditional business functions such as finance, marketing, and non-traditional activities, such as knowledge management. Human Resource Information System has great significance in every sector. It can play a virtual role and help the communications process in the organization. Most importantly, organizations can hire and retain the top performers, improve productivity and enhance job satisfaction of the employees. HRM has the responsibility to maximize efficiency and profit, but in the emerging scenario, the role of HR manager is changing rapidly due to changes in government policies, unions, labour legislations and technology. The trends have taken place in the organization, human resource planning, job design, motivation, recruitment, skill development and employee relations. The challenges can be faced by HRM effectively, if proper strategies are implemented. Hence, the role of HRM will be more significant in future due to the emerging scenario.

REFERENCE