Introduction

Economist was exploring these regions of the world for several centuries and their efforts have succeeded only in preparing a more realistic account of the schemes of India. Sendhwa has a rich and varied scheme due to its diversified elements under well reserved areas. Sendhwa is situated between the Narmada and the Napti. Coordinates is 22.4-13.4° (22.0704 North and longitude 74° 45'-55.55' (74.7654 East)). According to census 2011, population is 36,485. The area of Sendhwa is 18 km and elevation is 409 m (1342 ft).

Sendhwa district was included under West Nimar district. Barwani district was declared as new district on 25th May 1998. Barwani is situated on the south-west side of Madhya Pradesh and major portion of Barwani falls in the Narmada valley. It was thought that the district was surrounded by a forest of Bad virksha and the district name, Barwani was originated from the forests of Bad. Barwani are an important corridor between areas of Maharashtra.

Methodology

Intensive and extensive survey was carried out Barwani district of Madhya Pradesh, India during the year 2015-2016. The exploration work was carried in different seasons. All habitats of the study area surveyed carefully. The distribution pattern was studied. Collection of data was carried out by standard method. Identification of scheme done with the help of standard literature and other available sources.

Result & discussion

M.P. Government operated many schemes for the citizen's specialized poor people who live in blow poverty line and also this schemes is very successful for people because government is prepare this schemes according to circumstance in different area of M.P. and also take a line about our citizen and the people are also interested for participate in these scheme. The government enhanced and utter targeted for complete the scheme every citizen of the Pradesh because the government is decide live hood to every citizen in the Pradesh this scheme are very useful of people below poverty line and upper poverty line including cultivator and unemployment.

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References


Government of India has taken several steps to develop the enterprises and self employment in the country. Some of these are mukhya mantri kosal samwardhan yojana, bhawantar buktan yojana, medhavi chatra protsan yojana, karsak udharni yojana, dindayal rasyo yojana, Sosal security pansan yojana, mission one click yojana, kosaliya yojana,kanya vivah yojana, ladli laxmi yojana, rain basera scheme, sanar jayati swarogor yojana, indira awas yojana, integrated waste land development programmed, AGRY Food transport yojana, Nation rural employment guarantee scheme, poverty initiative project, backward region grant found programme, mid-day meal, rural road development scheme, state road rural connectivity scheme, CM awas yojana,Bimari sayata nidhi, ladli laxmi yojana, bhima kiran yojana, atak jyoti yojana, mukhyamanti gram sadak yojana, tirth darsan yojana,vywa enginaring aam contactor yojana,pey jai yojana,pichadavarg aam suvavitya yojana, anpurna yojana, awas yojana, kanyadan yojana, nikkhah yojana, dindayal chalet yojan, majdur surkhsha yojana, bimari sayata nidhi, khet talab yojana, etc. is involved in all these programmes.

KEYWORDS : M.P. government, entrepreneurship.