

Aim of Ayurveda is now neatiny persons are remaining neating and do their proper treatment if they are suffered with diseases. Shonita is transferring positive energy which called as Prana in our whole body. So it is most imported factor to maintain our health. Shonita is factor which is vitated in all types of accidental pathology (Agantuja Nidana) and some physiological pathology (Nija Nidana) also. If we want to treat these diseases, we must be considering these factors also. Now it is most ignorance part in our treatment. I want to trying to share my review to understanding role of Shonita dosha in pathology as well as in treatment.

AIM AND OBJECTS To defined a role and an importance of Shonita dosha in Pathology and Treatment.

MATERIALS AND METHODS I go through Charaka samhita and Sushruta Samhita which are based literature of Ayurveda for understand and justification these concept.

In this review, shonita is most imported part to maintain our health. When some pathology will be developing in our body, if we are observed carefully we can find that how shonita dosha are involved in pathology and how it will be helpful during in treatment. Charaka has mentioned in yojana chatuska in treatment part and Sushruta has mentioned in disease part.

KEYWORDS : Shonita dosha, role in pathology, role in treatment.

INTRODUCTION

According to *Ayurveda, Acharya* mention three types of *dosha* which are ⁽¹⁾sthuna(pillars) of our body. These three *dosha* are our physiological factors. They are doing help in all types of physiological works like digestion, respiration etc in normal stage. When they are vitiated, they start to spoil & affected with pathogens.

Acharya Sushruta mentions^[2] mentioned shonita dosha as a forth dosha which is performing most important role in physiology & pathology. Shonita is a part of rakta dhatu. Rakta dhatu have five types of activity which are giving name like Rakta, Lohita, Astra, Rudhira and Shonita.

Tatra Shakha Raktadayo dhatavastwaka cha.

^[3]Raksha is main *dhatu* which is doing *jivana karma* in our body. When whole *rakta* will be normal it is call as *rakta*.

[4] Tadvishuddham hi rudhiram balavransukhayusha,

Rudhira is quality of *rakta dhatu* which is doing a *bala,varna,sukha* and *ayushya karma* in our body.

 $\label{eq:starses} \ensuremath{^{[5]}} Rasashruga mansa medoathi majjashukrani dhatvah.$

Astra is a vitiated form of *rakta*. It is use when pathology is like discharging like *Astrapitta*, *Astrugdara* etc.

⁽⁹⁾*Pittam yathabhootam lohitapittmiti samgyam labhate. Lohita* is a vitiated form of *rakta. Lohita* word will use when a colour and smell are affected like *lohitapitta*.

^[7]Tadvishuddham hi rudhiram balavransukhayusha, Yunktihi praninam pranaha shonitama hianuvartate.

Shonita word is use for both condition in normal and pathology. When *shonita* is in normal stage it takes a positive energy which we say *prana* from outer world to our body. It is like transformer to transport a *prana*. *Shonita* is continuing nourishing our body with *prana*. We are living to take *prana* that's why we are identifying as a *Prani*.

^[08]We are doing two types of activity which are saying as *Bandhan-moksha* and *Jivana yapana*. When we meet to each other and does some work it is call *Bhandhan-moksha*. After doing a whole day's activity we feel like tired. When we go for sleep & when we will wake up on next day morning we realized that our tiredness will be disappear. It is called as a *Jivan-yapan*. In this process our physiology is taking nutrition from rasa *dhatu* and removing wastage with are formed with daily activity. That's way we get healthy and fresh body every day with help of *Pojivan yapana* and we are doing activity with help of *Bandhan moksha karma*. These two types of process are performed with a help of rasa and *rakta dhatu*. So *Rasa dhatu* is imported for *Jivana yapana* and *Rakta* is imported for *Bandhan moksha*.

In case of *shonita dosha*, mainly involve *rakta dhatu*. So if *shonita dosha* is normal, we will get positive energy easily and our *Bandhan moksha* karma will be normal. But when it is vitiated a person will not get proper *prana* and he will be suffering with various types of disease of *Shonitavah strotasa* and ¹¹⁰*mada, murcha* and *shanyasa*.

DISCUSSION

^[11]Normally there are two way to develop a pathology in our body. It mentioned in *Vidhi Samprapti*. One is a *Nija* and second is *Agantuja*. *Nija* is an internal cause and *Agantuja* is an external cause. In *nija* causes are affecting *Annavaha strotasa* and more disturbing our physiology to compare our anatomy. In cases of *Agantuja* causes our anatomy will more hampered comparative to physiology.

Now we are discussing about way of origin pathology and which factors are participated in formation of diseases.

According to *Acharya Charaka*, How involvement of *shonita* in pathology?

^[12]Vidhina shonitam jatam shuddham bhavati dehinam, Deshakalaokasatmyanam vidhirya samprakashita.

Acharya mentions most of the pathology though Nija causes in his samhita. Nija causes are affecting on Amashya and Pkawashya.

Role of Aharaja nidana

Amashaya is first location to react with food. When Person breaks eight rules of taking a food which are identified $as^{(13)}Ashtavidha Ahara ayatana$. He is suffered with *shonita dosha dushta*(vitiated) because we take a food with improper way. It is called as *Viruddha Ahara*.

Role of Viharaja Nidana

When *Nija* causes are *viharas* like irrelevant activity,*ratri jagrana*, *divaswapna* etc which are affected on *Pakwashya*. *Pakwashaya* is part of *Annavah strotasa* & it's working for *sara-kitta vibhajana* of *anna* and formation of *uttarotasa dhatusara*(rough materials for *sara*). *Sara* is abstract of all *Dhatus*.

Role of Mansika Nidana-Vega

When causative factors are in form of Vega, it is affecting on *marmasthi santhi*. Etiological factors are in form of Vega, it is directly affected of *shonita* like ^[14]*Paapa* karma is an etiological factor of *kushtha*. *Paapa karma* consider in *Mansika vega*. ^[15]*Chardiveda nidraha* (suppuration of vomiting) is another factor consider as *Adharniya vega*.

As above we discussed that *Shonita* is main factor of *Bandhan-moksha. Acharya* mentions a concept of *viruddha ahara* which is mainly vitiating of *rakta dhatu*. So these three causes *Ahara, Vihara* and *vega* are responsible to vitiated *Shonita dosha*. If *Shonita dosha* is

26

INDIAN JOURNAL OF APPLIED RESEARCH

aggravating, our all positive energy which is getting as prana is vitiated. We get abnormal energy which we call as Nidana and it becomes an etiological factor of all diseases.

According to Acharya Charaka, How shonita helps to removing pathology during in treatment part?

In his samhita sutra sthana is fundamental science; [16] Acharya mentions its sub-division in 7 parts which are called as a Chatushka. These are Aushadha Chatushka (How are we select of drugs?), Swastha Chatushka (How are we maintain our health?), Nirdesha Chatushka(how are we navigate of disease?), Kalpana Chatushka(Formulation of drugs), Roga chatushka(How can we diagnose a disease?), Yojana Chatushka(How will we plan of treatment?), Annapana chatushka(What is rules for eat?), Samgrahadvaya (Prognosis of disease).

Yojana chatushka have four Adhyaya which are sub-fundamental science for plan a treatment. Fourth Adhvava is about Shonita dosha. Shonita is most important in fourth phage of treatment. As I mention in introduction part shonita is most important factor to do jivana karma. Meaning of Jivana karma is haemostatics our body. If we are thinking with peacefully we will to realize that formation of Ahara rasa and all dhatu into the food which are inorganic materials. Jivana karma gives livingness into organic materials with help of Shonita dosha. Because of Shonita provides prana in to these materials.

When we are planning to treat the disease and we must consider a shonita dosha. Person's digestions become normal but dhatu moola will be not able to form normal dhatu from those Ahara ras, if shonita dushti is remaining in those strotomoola. In treatment part include three steps. First is Shodhan, Second is Shamana and third is prakruti sthapana. In prakruti sthapana consider two subtypes lina dosha samana(inner remaining dosha) and Adhishthana draddikarana(reestablish of organs). So in phase of re-establish shonita is most imported because it is giving jivana karma of inner rough materials and organ becomes healthy.

According to Acharya Sushruta shonita is a fourth dosha.

Acharva mentions Shonita dosha as forth dosha because it is doing imported role of vitiated our Dhatus. It is participating in developing Vrana(woung) also. That's way it is mentioned in concept of ^[18]Shadkriya kala also. We must be considering in treatment part which is mentioned in [19] Shonita Varnaniya adhyaya.

CONCLUSION

I only want to mention that in trend of symptomatic treatment always we neglect shonita dosha. Due to that, People are suffering with these side effects like after taken skin disease treatment black spot will be remaining on their body. They are doing lot of attempt to remove it but they had failed. Other example likes after taking treatment of Fever but they felt that they are suffering with lot of deficiency like vitamins B12, Calcium, Iron, Folic Acid etc. So people are fed up with us but they have no choice to come out from this situation. So we must be aware about this problem and find solution. In case of them, shonita dosha is a part to help us for totally remissions of disease.

In condition of Nija causes

First nidana are affected at amashaya and pkawashya. It is aggravated a dosha and mixing with Ahara rasa then Rasa dhatu. Rasa dhatu is main *dhatu* which is responsible for jivana yapana karma. But we are taking a nija nidana like Viruddha Ahara, it is crossing of amashaya and Pkawashya and directly vitiated rakta dhatu. If those people are continuing taking these nidana, it is vitiated Shonita dosha also. Shonita is responsible for Bandhana moksha karma. That's way acharya charaka mention mada, murcha and Sanyasa vyadhi in yojana chatuska. It is indicated that shonita is affecting not only our body but also indiriya. If we want to get permanent solution we will defiantly do treatment body, Indriya and Atma also. Shonita is getting prana and provide to level of Atma, Indriya and body. If it is normal we will be getting positive energy and whenever it is vitiating we will be suffering with diseases. So we must be considering shonita dosha in nidana and treatment part also as we discussed in part of discussion.

In condition of Agantuja causes

Acharya Sushruta agrees with charaka on concept of tridosha. But he added a fourth dosha as shonita in condition of Agantuja vyadhi(Accidental disorders). Acharya mentions separate Adhyaya in fundamental part of his Samhita. He described a chapter as a Shonitavananiya adhyaya. He confesses the shonita involvement in

formation of disease and it is most imported ingredients to remove pathology in treatment. That way in chapter of ^[20]Dhamnivyakaran Shariya, he mentions a symptom as a shonitagamana. It is indicated that if shonita is come out in our body we must be die. Because a mediator of Prana is not present & absent of shonita dosha there are not able to carrying Prana.

Financial support and sponsorship Nil

Conflicts of interest

There are no conflicts of interest.

REFERENCES

- Sushruta samhita sutra sthana 21/3
- Sushruta samhita sutra sthana 21/4 Charaka Samhita Sutra sthana 11/48
- Charaka Samhita Sutra sthana 24/3 [4]
- Ashtang Hridaya Sutra sthan 1/13 Charaka Samhita Nidan sthana 2/3
- [6] [7] Charaka Samhita Sutra sthana 24/3
- ī81 Charaka Samhita Sharira sthana 1/39-41
- Charaka samhita sutra sthana 21/35-36
- [10] Charaka Samhita Sutra sthana 24/25-27 Charaka Samhita nidana sthana 1/11
- [12] Charak samhita sutra sthana 24/1
- Charaka Samhita vimana sthana 1/21
- [14] Charaka Samhita Chikitsa sthana 7/8
- [15] Charaka Samhita Chikitsa sthana 7/4 Charak Samhita Sutra sthana 30/36-45 [16]
- Sushruta samhita sutra sthana 21/4 Sushruta samhita sutra sthana 21/36 [18]
- Sushruta samhita sutra sthana 14 [10]
- Sushruta samhita sharira sthana 9/12 [20]

27