

Increasing Interest in Learning English



Physical Education

KEYWORDS :

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INTRODUCTION

We are profoundly ignorant about the origins of language however we know that it plays the role in our life from our birth.

Language includes symbols, text, pictures, grammar, rules, vocabulary, literature, meaning etc. Language is the part of our format and non-formal education too. Education plays an important role in our personal life as well as in the progress of our society, our state and our nation.

The **present tense** (abbreviated **PRES** or **PRS**) is a grammatical tense that locates a situation or event in present time. This linguistic definition refers to a concept that indicates a feature of the *meaning* of a verb. (Douglas Biber et al) However, in discussions of specific languages, the term "present tense" is often used to refer to a particular grammatical *form* that, depending on the language, may frequently be used to express the present nature of an action or, in some cases, may be used to express non-present action. The discussion in this article focuses on the *forms* used in various languages.

In English, present tense form may be used to express action in the present, a current state of being, an occurrence in the future, or an action that started in the past and continues.

There are two common types of present tense form in most Indo-European languages: the present indicative (i.e., the combination of present tense and indicative mood) and the present subjunctive (i.e., the combination of present tense and subjunctive mood)

The **Present Simple** is the most basic tense in the English language. It is an interesting tense because it can be used to express the future. Generally, though, we use it to describe the present activities or to talk about routines or habits.

INCREASING INTEREST IN LEARNING ENGLISH

- Nowadays it is the world which is load towards globalization, and the English language becomes World language, it was the necessary of interpreter before some ears but now the time is changed, now English is spoken all over the world. It is used in all fields all whether it is education, media, politics, business, daily routine, sports, bank, show rooms, maps, indicators, banners, tourism, celebrations, functions, program, transport, in short in each and every fields are bounded with this language.
- Each country has its own regional language but English is the only language which is spoken more comparatively than any other languages. This language forces the society to think, read, write, and listen to in every areas. Small business can take a big lace in the world market with the use of this language.
- The higher education is provided in the communication of English language like medical, engineering, pharmacy , business management, computer application, mass communication, hotel management, animation, graphics, ecology, science, space, television, regarding education is given the language of English only.
- So, the society needs to spread and used to think through this language, it is true that mother tongue should not be ignored but English language can not be ignored at all nowadays. (Douglas Biber et al)

Language policy of the state:

Education has always been accorded an honored place in Indian society, the great leaders of the Indian freedom movement realized the fundamental role of education and through the nations struggle for independent stressed its unique significance for national development

1. Free and Compulsory Education:
2. Status, Emoluments and Education of Teachers:
3. Development of Languages:
4. Equalization of Educational opportunity:
5. Identification of Talent:
6. Work –Experience and National Service:
7. Science Education and Research:
8. Education for Agriculture and Industry:
9. Production of Books:
10. Examinations:
11. Secondary Education:
12. University Education:
13. Part-time Education and correspondence course:
14. Spread of Literacy and Adult Education:
15. Games and Sports
16. Education of Minorities
17. The Educational Structure

Three Language Formulas

Gujarat follows the Three Language formula recommended by the various Education Commissions set up by the Union Government, in addition to teaching a classical language, Sanskrit at the school level. It is in line with the central government's educational policy. The languages offered are Gujarati, Hindi, English and Sanskrit. **Regional language:**

The energetic development of Indian languages and literature is a culture development. The Regional languages are already in use as media of Education at Primary & Secondary stages.

According to national Policy of Education Gujarati is our Regional Language. Gujarati is called the First language

National Language Hindi:

Hindi is our national language; it is the First language of our Country. It is written in our policy, "Every effort should be made to promote the development of Hindi ". Hindi is the link language so it is preferred over English for an interaction with the non-native speakers of Gujarati. Hindi is called the second language of our State; Hindi is Link language of India. The Cinema and TV entertainment channels Provide good contact of Hindi.

Hindi as a Link language:

Hindi is our national language, it stands as a second language in our three language formula, there are Variety of People living in all over India, and all have their own regional languages.

English as an International Language:

In a Growing number of countries, English is required as a foreign language for all students, English language learning is being encouraged at a Younger and Younger age and English proficiency tests are key in man High-stakes educational and professional decisions,

Around 750 million people are believed to seek English as a foreign language. English has an official or special status in 75 countries with a total population of over 2 Billion. (Richard M Hogg)

British colonialism in the 19th century and American capitalism and technological progress in the 20th century were undoubtedly the main causes for the spread of English throughout the world.

The English language came to British Isles from northern Europe in the fifth century. From the fifteenth century, the British began to sail all over the world and became explorers, colonists and imperialists. They took the English language to North America, Canada and the Caribbean, to South Africa, to Australia and New Zealand, to south Asia (especially India) to the British colonies in Africa, to South East Asia and the South Pacific.

The USA has played a leading role in most parts of the world for the last hundred years. At the end of the 19th century and first quarter of the 20th, it welcomed millions of European immigrants who had fled their countries ravaged by war, poverty or famine.

The future of English as a global language will depend very largely on the political, economical, demographic and cultural trends in the world. The beginning of the 21st century is a time of global transition. (Douglas Biber et al) According to some experts, faster economic globalization is going hand in hand with the growing use English. More and more people are being encouraged to use English rather than their own language. On

the other hand, the period of most rapid change can be expected to be an uncomfortable and at times traumatic experience for many people around the world. Hence the opposite view that the next 20 years or so will be a critical time for the English language and for those who depend upon it. The patterns of usages and public attitudes to English which develop during this period will have long-term

English as a Global Language:

English by accident of history, has acquired the place of a link language in India, however we may continue to shut our eyes to this fact of life. The English language has made such a deep dent in our national life that it alone blinds the urban North with the urban South.

Nowadays English is a truly global language, crossing many international boundaries. The language is so popular, it is spoken in more than a hundred countries and has more than a millions words. English began its developments in Great Britain and was spread across the global through the colonial nations. It became so influential across the world that man countries adopted English above and be young their own languages. The speed and depth with which the English language became so popular globally is unbelievable.

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