



A CASE STUDY – EFFICACY OF PANCHAKARMA AGAINST SLE INDUCED LUNG FIBROSIS

Ayurveda

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ABSTRACT

Ayurveda can safely be applied to heal many refractive health conditions¹. A Dutch female aged 44 was treated at my clinic in India for the Systemic Lupus Erythematosus induced Lung Fibrosis along with Raynaud's disease and Fibromyalgic pains. She received Panchakarma procedures viz, Abhyanga, Swedana, Kunjal, Virechana, Vasti and Nasya for six weeks and showed significant improvement upon various signs and symptoms.

KEYWORDS

Ayurveda; Kunjal; Panchakarma; Virechana; Vasti; Nasya; Shaman Treatment; Spirometry; SLE; Lung Fibrosis; Fibromyalgia.

INTRODUCTION

Ayurveda is a system of medicine with historical roots in the Indian subcontinent². Panchakarma is a unique detoxifying tool from Ayurveda, having a potential to treat/cure many refractive medical conditions³. Brihatrayi from Ayurveda make ample praises for the five-procedure protocol⁴. These five procedures are Vamana (Emesis), Virechana (Purgation), Anuvasana Vasti (Oil enema), Niroohan Vasti (Decoction enema), and Nasya (Instillation of medicine through nostrils). Niruhana & Anuvasana form the basic types of Vasti. The term Panchashodhana includes Vamana, Virechana, Nasya, Niruhana, & Raktamokshana⁵⁻⁷.

Ayurveda can be hypothesized to manage Systemic Lupus Erythematosus by up-regulating the immune system. Systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE), also known simply as Lupus, is an autoimmune disease in which the body's immune system mistakenly attacks healthy tissue in many parts of the body⁸. Symptoms vary among patients and may be mild to severe. There is no cure for SLE⁹. Common symptoms include painful and swollen joints, fever, chest pain, hair loss, mouth / esophageal ulcers, swollen lymph nodes, feeling tired, and red, butterfly rashes common on the chest / face¹⁰. Often there are periods of illness, called flares, and periods of remission during which there are few symptoms¹¹. The cause of SLE is not clear¹². It is thought to involve genetics together with environmental factors¹³. Among identical twins, if one is affected there is a 24% chance the other one will be as well¹⁴. Female sex hormones, sunlight, smoking, vitamin-D deficiency, and certain infections, are also believed to increase the risk¹⁵. SLE, which can affect lungs too, can cause pleuritic pain and also give rise to shrinking lung syndrome, involving a reduced lung volume¹⁶.

Fibromyalgia has unknown origin and is believed to be an autoimmune disorder, by and large refractive to most treatments¹⁷. It is characterized by chronic widespread pain and a heightened pain response to pressure¹⁸. Other symptoms include tiredness to a degree that normal activities are affected, sleep problems and troubles with memory¹⁹.

Raynaud's Disease is a medical condition in which spasm of arteries because episodes of reduced blood flow²⁰. Typically the fingers, and less commonly the toes, are involved²¹. Episodes are often triggered by cold or emotional stress²².

THERE ARE TWO MAIN TYPES

1. Primary Raynaud's, when the cause is unknown, and secondary Raynaud's, which occurs as a result of another condition²³.
2. Secondary Raynaud's can occur due to a connective tissue disorder, such as scleroderma or lupus, injuries to the hands, prolonged vibration, smoking, thyroid problems, and certain medications, such as birth control pills²⁴. Diagnosis is typically based on the symptoms²⁵.

In Ayurveda, Kunjal karma comes from the Shatkarma of Yoga, and can be likened to Vamana from Ayurveda. Shatkarma (Dhauti, Vasti, Neti, Lauliki, Tratak and Kapalabhati) are meant for purification. These should be practiced in the predominance of Kapha Dosha. Among

Shatkarma, Kunjal Kriya is included in Dhautikarma²⁶⁻²⁷. It is also known as Gajakarani in Hatha Yoga Pradipika²⁸. Those who cannot exert to perform Vamana, or as decided by the treating Vaidya, can be administered Kunjal as a daily Do it Yourself procedure.

MATERIALS AND METHODS

THE CASE

A 44 years old Dutch female, with a 33 years history of SLE reported to my clinic. Also suffering from Fibromyalgia, secondary Raynaud's Disease and Progressive Lung Fibrosis, she had been on various medications with little relief, resulting in depression and a poor Quality of Life. Major symptoms were extreme weakness, shortness of breath, pains all over the body, poor digestion, dysphagia, and weight loss. Spirometry showed the functional lung capacity to be 28%.

DRUG PROFILE WITH POSOLOGY

Kunjal – Warm water two liters, with rock salt 10 grams; every morning at 6 AM

Ghrut Pana for Virechana – Panchatikta Ghrut was given for the purpose. This is a medicated Ghrut containing Nimba (Azadirachta indica), Patola (Luffa acutangula), Vyaghri (Solanum xanthocarpum), Guduchi (Tinospora cordifolia), & Vasa (Adhatoda vasica) herbs.

Swedana / Fomentation material – Full body (Head excluded) steam for 15-20 minutes

VIRECHANA COMBINATION – TABLE NO-1

S No	Material	Volume
1	Aragwadth (Cassia fistula) decoction	200 ml
2	Castor oil	50 ml
3	Ichcabhedhi Ras	3 tablets of 125 mg each
4	Kutki powder (Picrorrhiza kurroa)	5 grams
5	Haritaki (Terminalia chebula) powder	5 grams

Anuvasan Vasti – Panchatikta Ghrita 150 ml

NIRUHAN VASTI – TABLE NO-2

S No	Material	Volume
1	Liquorice, Basil, Acorus decoction	900 ml
2	Castor oil	50 ml
3	Dashmoola oil	50 ml
4	Rock Salt	10 grams
5	Honey	50 ml

NASYA – TABLE NO 3

S No	Material	Volume
1	Shad Bindu oil	6 drops per nostril for 30 days
2	Narayan oil for face-head massage	10 ml
3	Curcuma in Mustard oil for smoke	5 grams, 10 ml

SHAMAN TREATMENT-

Liquorice, Basil, Acorus calamus powders @ 1 gram, mixed in a

teaspoonful of honey, twice a day for 42 days

DIAGNOSIS AND MANAGEMENT

The patient was examined in terms of Tridosha and her SLE induced Lung Fibrosis was labeled as Kaphavritta Prana Vata pathology as the symptoms mentioned by Charaka and Vagbhat are excessive water brash, sneezing, eructation, obstruction to inspiration and expiration, anorexia and vomiting, out of which many matched her clinical picture²⁹⁻³⁰.

Her Fibromyalgia was labeled as Kaphavritta Vyana Vata as Charaka mentions its symptoms being Guruta Sarwa gaatranaam (Generalised Heaviness), Sarwasandhyasthi Ruja (Arthralgia) and Gatisanga (channel obstructions), which match Fibromyalgia. She was administered daily Kunjal Dry fomentation with salt bolus after mild Abhyanga massage with minimum of Narayan oil, mild Virechana to remove Kapha, followed by Anuvasan and Niruhana Vasti for 30 days. Alongwith the Vasti, they were given Lekhana Nasya with Shadbindu oil and curcuma mustard smoke. As Shamana Chikitsa, she received Liquorice, Basil, Acorus calamus powders @ 1 gram, mixed in a teaspoonful of honey, twice a day for 42 days. The dietary regimen advised was to avoid consuming milk, and stretching Yoga procedures as Sun Salutation, squats, and Halasana, along with Kapal bhati.

TREATMENT PLAN – TABLE NO-4

S No	Procedure	On the days
1	Ghrut Pana	20,40,60,80,100 ml on first 5 days
2	Rest	6th day
3	Virechana	7th day
4	Samsarjana	8th-12th day
5	Rest	13-15th day
6	Vasti	18 Anuvasan - 16th, 17th, 19th, 21st, 23rd, 25th, 27th, 29th, 31st, 33rd, 35th, 37th, 39th, 41st, 42nd, 43rd, 44th, 45th Days 12 Niruhana - 20th, 22nd, 24th, 26th, 28th, 30th, 32nd, 34th, 36th, 38th, 40th Days
7	Nasya	Last 30 days, along with the Vasti
8	Kunjal	Every day at 6 AM for the six weeks

RESULTS

- The physical endurance increased from an initial capacity of 5 squats, to 40 squats until feeling rapid breathing.
- The pains from Fibromyalgia were almost absent and she did not require the regular Western analgesics for this duration of six weeks and later.
- Despite being winter season, she did not experience Raynaud's after a week into the treatments.
- Esophageal inflammation induced Dysphagia hindered with the consumption of the oral medicine and she had to take Omeprazole 20 mg, as prescribed by her treating Dutch physician. This symptom did not improve with Panchakarma during these six weeks.
- The lung capacity did not increase from the 28% before treatment; the Pulmonologist found her lungs to be significantly clearer than before.
- The client was advised to repeat a 30-day Panchakarma annually, for the next 3-6 years to maintain / improve the lung health.

ANALYSIS

Kaphavrit Prana Vata was the probable diagnosis for the Lung Fibrosis; salt bolus fomentation is effective against Kapha disorders as the one being a Kapha covering on the Vata, obstructing the latter's natural flow and setting in various pathologies. Rooksha Swedana as the one given here with salt bolus is effective against stiffness, heaviness and coldness of the body and produces sweat³¹. Kunjal procedure resembles Vamana and the both are effective at removing excessive Kapha from the body; especially the respiratory tract and form the first line of management against Asthma of any etiology³³.

Tamake tu Virechanam i.e. Virechana is effective against Breathing problems, vitiated Pitta and Kapha as it could break the Kapha Avarana (Covering)³⁴.

Vasti is the best management against Vata symptoms as Dyspnoea, and pains³⁵.

The lungs being fibrosed, did not show an increase in total lung capacity from 28%; the plan for the patient is to annually follow the 3 weekly maintenance procedures for the next 5 years to annually follow the 30-days maintenance procedures for the next 3-6 years to observe

SUMMARY AND CONCLUSION

The diseases like SLE and its complication as Lung Fibrosis being largely incurable, showed a promising response to basic Panchakarma procedures. The patient registered an over-all improvement in most of the associated physical and psychological signs and symptoms.

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