



INFLUENCE OF STARS' POSITION IN HUMAN LIFE: AN ASTROLOGICAL ANALYSIS

Arts

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ABSTRACT

Stars and planets play a paramount role in human life. The horoscope of a person is based on the time, the place of birth and primarily from the previous births or karma to be more specific. Sometimes the combinations of stars and the planets can have an adverse effect on the life of a person and sometimes it can make your life blessed. However, one can transcend the effects of these planets by surrendering yourself completely to Krishna, the Supreme Lord and the master of all the stars and planets. Anyone who takes up devotional service, the power of which can nullify unlimited karmic reactions and eradicate ill effects of planets.

KEYWORDS

Vedic Astrology, Constellation Analysis, Sannadi chakra, Navatara Chakra

INTRODUCTION

There are twelve zodiac signs the zodiac system: 1. মেঘরাশি (Aries), 2. বৃষরাশি (Taurus), 3. মিত্থুনরাশি (Gemini), 4. কর্কটরাশি (Cancer), 5. সিংহরাশি (Leo), 6. কন্যারাশি (Virgo), 7. তুলারাশি (Libra), 8. বৃশ্চিকরাশি (Scorpio), 9. ধনুরাশি (Sagittarius), 10. মকররাশি (Capricorn), 11. কুম্ভরাশি (Aquarius), 12. মীনরাশি (Pisces)

The Standard Form of Zodiac Cycle is Given Below:

বৃষ	মেঘ	মীন
মিত্থুন		কুম্ভ
কর্কট		মকর
সিংহ	কন্যা	ধনু
	তুলা	বৃশ্চিক

Fig.1: Zodiac Cycle

According to 'Surya Sidhanta'[1], there are nine planets (গ্রহ) namely রবি (Sun), চন্দ্র (Moon), মঙ্গল (Mars), বুধ (Mercury), বৃহস্পতি (Jupiter), শুক্র (Venus), শনি (Saturn), রাহু (Rahu) and কেতু (Ketu). In Hindu astrology a person's fate is decided from main area of নবগ্রহ (Navagraha or 9 planets) [2]. The nine planets are represented by following symbols:

Table-1: Catalog of Planets

Planets	Symbols
রবি (Sun)	র
চন্দ্র (Moon)	চং
মঙ্গল (Mars)	মং
বুধ (Mercury)	বু
বৃহস্পতি (Jupiter)	বৃ
শুক্র (Venus)	শু
শনি (Saturn)	শ
রাহু (Rahu)	রা
কেতু (Ketu)	কে

In Addition, Herschel(H), Neptune(N) and Pluto(P) are also there.

Rulership of Houses:

Table-2: House of Planets

Ruling Planets(ancient)	Signs
রবি (Sun)	সিংহরাশি (Leo)
চন্দ্র (Moon)	কর্কটরাশি (Cancer)

মঙ্গল (Mars)	মেঘরাশি (Aries), বৃশ্চিকরাশি (Scorpio)
বুধ (Mercury)	মিত্থুনরাশি (Gemini), কন্যারাশি (Virgo)
বৃহস্পতি (Jupiter)	ধনুরাশি (Sagittarius), মীনরাশি (Pisces)
শুক্র (Venus)	বৃষরাশি (Taurus), তুলারাশি (Libra)
শনি (Saturn)	মকররাশি (Capricorn), কুম্ভরাশি (Aquarius)

Only রবি (Sun), চন্দ্র (Moon) grahas(planets) have one area though all the other planets have two areas each.

Constellation Analysis ('Nakshatra Bichar'):

Here the twelve zodiac signs are represented by following numerics: মেঘরাশি (Aries) (0), বৃষরাশি (Taurus) (1), মিত্থুনরাশি (Gemini) (2), কর্কটরাশি (Cancer) (3), সিংহরাশি (Leo) (4), কন্যারাশি (Virgo) (5), তুলারাশি (Libra) (6), বৃশ্চিকরাশি (Scorpio) (7), ধনুরাশি (Sagittarius) (8), মকররাশি (Capricorn) (9), কুম্ভরাশি (Aquarius) (10), মীনরাশি (Pisces) (11).

The Ruling Area of Planets are Determined by the Following Diagram:

শুক্র	মঙ্গল	বৃহস্পতি
বুধ		শনি
চন্দ্র		শনি
রবি	বুধ	বৃহস্পতি
	শুক্র	মঙ্গল

According to Vedic Astrology, Nakshatra refers to the stars/constellations. The 360° zodiac system is divided into 12 zodiac signs. There is a total of 27 Nakshatras in astrology, and hence the value of each star is 13°20'. In ancient times, Nakshatras are considered as a means of worshipping the divine. These 27 constellations are based on the movement of the Moon, which travels approximately 27.3 days around its orbit. Hence, the birth star of an individual is calculated based on the position of the Moon in any of these stars.

These oldest 27 Nakshatras include:

Ashwini (অশ্বিনী), Bharani (ভরণী), Krittika (কৃত্তিকা), Rohini (রোহিণী), Mrigashira (মৃগশিরা), Ardra (আর্দ্রা), Punarbasu (পুনর্বসু), Pushya (পুষ্যা), Ashleshā (অশ্লেষা), Magha (মঘা), Purba Phalguni (পূর্বফাল্গুনী), Uttar Phalguni (উত্তরফাল্গুনী), Hasta (হস্তা), Chitra (চিত্রা), Swati (স্বাতী), Vishakha (বিশাখা), Anuradha (অনুরাধা), Jyestha (জ্যেষ্ঠা), Mula (মূলা), Purbashada (পূর্বাষাঢ়া), Uttarashada (উত্তরাষাঢ়া), Sharaban (শ্রবণা), Dhanishta (ধনিষ্ঠা), Shatabhisha (শতভিষা), Purvabhadra (পূর্বভাদ্রপদ), Uttarabhadra (উত্তরভাদ্রপদ), and Rebati (রেবতী).

Based on the birth time of an individual and the position of Moon at that moment, the birth star of an individual is determined. Each of the nakshatras is governed as 'lord' by one of the nine graha in the following:

1. KETU: Ashwini, Magha and Moola
2. SHUKRA or VENUS: Bharni, Poorva-Falguni and Poorva-Shadha
3. SURYA or SUN: Kritika, Uttara-Falguni and Uttara-Shadha
4. CHANDRA or MOON: Rohini, Hast and Shravana
5. MANGAL or MARS: Mrigshira, Chitra and Dhanishtha
6. RAHU: Aardra, Swati and Shatbhisha
7. GURU or JUPITER: Punarvasu, Vishakha and Poorva-Bhadrapada
8. SHANI or SATURN: Pushya, Anuradha and Uttara-Bhadrapada
9. BUDH or MERCURY: Aashlesha, Jyestha and Revati

In Vedic Astrology the lagna (ꣳꣳ) or Ascendant, is the first moment of contact between the soul and its new life on earth in astrology Lagna's Rashi and Nakshatra represents the "Atman" (Soul) of an Individual Person while the Lagna Lord represents the Ruler of the Horoscope and therefore the Rashi & Nakshatra where the Lagna Lord is positioned is equally very important as the Lagna Lord also absorbs the traits and qualities of that specific Rashi & Nakshatra.

Methodology:

According to the Vishuddha Siddhanta Panjika (Bengali: বিষ্ণু সিন্ধান্ত পঞ্জিকা) and Indian ephemeris [3] the zodiac cycle is formed in the following manner:

The entire 360° is distributed equally among the twelve Rashi. Each Rashi can accommodate 30° in space and, in convention, each of the 30 equal components of every Rashi is termed as "ansho".

The Birth chart analysis and prediction can be investigated by the following steps:

1. Latitude of Moon chart
2. Declination of Sun can be found from the tropical Longitude of the sun
3. Declination of Planets (including Moon)
4. Determination of Tithi
5. Noromes
6. Nakshatras division
7. Vimsottari Dasha and Antardasha
8. Balance of Vimsottari dasha by longitude of Moon.

In the Indian ephemeris [3], the span (timings of the planet's 'Uday' and 'Asta') of every planet has been prescribed for each and every year. Depending upon the Latitude and Longitude of the Native's birth place and the prescribed timings of the planet's 'Uday' and 'Asta' Rashi and Lagna is calculated.

According to the Vishuddha Siddhanta Panjika, Constellation cycle and the Sannadi Chakra predictions can be analyzed in the following manner.

Sannadi Chakra:

Sannadi chakra is a combination of six Nakshatras, which plays a major role in human life. Moon's transit Nakshatra at the time of birth is taken as the first Nakshatra of the Sannadi Chakra.

- Janam Nadi: janam Nakshatra (Moon's transit Nakshatra)
- Karma Nadi: 10th Nakshatra from janam Nakshatra
- Sanghatik Nadi: 16th Nakshatra from janam Nakshatra
- Samudaye nadi: 18th Nakshatra from janam Nakshatra
- Vinash Nadi: 23rd Nakshatra from janam Nakshatra
- Manas Nadi: 25th Nakshatra from janam Nakshatra.

Sannadi Chakra Calculation:

Let us consider a baby is born when the Moon was at 3°21'30"
 1°=30°
 1°=60'
 1 Nakshatra = 800'

Formula: Moon Position/ 800'

$$\text{Therefore, } \frac{30^{\circ}21'30''}{800'} = \frac{(3 \times 30)^{\circ} + 21'30''}{800'} = \frac{111^{\circ}30''}{800'}$$

$$\frac{(111 \times 60)' + 30''}{800'} = \frac{6690}{800} = 8 +$$

Answer is 8+, then the Janam Nakshatra will be 9th Nakshatra that is Ashlesha.

Thus the Sannadi Chakra of the baby will be as follows:

- Janam Nadi: Ashlesha
- Karma Nadi: Jyestha
- Sanghatik Nadi: Shatabhisha
- Samudaye nadi: Uttara Bhadrpadada
- Vinash Nadi: Rohini
- Manas Nadi: Ardra.

Navatara Chakra:

It is a cluster of nine stars which plays a significant role in human life. Moon's transit Nakshatra at the time of birth is termed as the Janam Nakshatra which is taken as the first star in the Navatara chakra.

Nine Stars in the Navatara Chakra are Termed as in the Following Order:

1. Janam
2. Sampad
3. Bipad
4. Kshem
5. Pratyari
6. Sadhak
7. Vadh
8. Mitra
9. Atimitra

Navatara Chakra Calculation:

We assume that the position of the Moon, when the baby is born, at 3°21'30".

1°=30°
 1°=60'
 1 Nakshatra = 800'

Formula: Moon Position/ 800'

$$\text{Therefore, } \frac{30^{\circ}21'30''}{800'} = \frac{(3 \times 30)^{\circ} + 21'30''}{800'} = \frac{111^{\circ}30''}{800'}$$

$$\frac{(111 \times 60)' + 30''}{800'} = \frac{6690}{800} = 8 +$$

Answer is 8+, then the Janam Nakshatra will be 9th Nakshatra that is Ashlesha.

Hence, the Navatara Chakra of the baby will be

Janam	Sampad	Bipad	Kshem	Pratyari	Sadhak	Vadh	Mitra	Atimitra
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
27	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8

Analysis of Navatara Chakra:

1. For any native Sampad, Kshem, Sadhak, Mitra, Atimitra stars and their planets Lord produce good and favorable fortune.
2. Whereas, Bipad, Pratyari, Vadh stras and their planets Lord gives poor and unfavorable results.
3. Janam star will generate good or bad fortune according to its affliction.

Navatara Chakra can also be used in daily life prediction in the following two simple ways:

1. For daily life predictions, observe the Moon's transition over the stars, if the Moon transiting through a good star, then the corresponding prediction will be, in general, good. Whereas, when the Moon transiting over a bad star then that period of time gives comparatively bad results.
2. A good star's planet Lord produces good fortune in Dasha and bad star's planet Lord will generate poor time.

Illustration:

Here we will discuss birth chart analysis and predictions according to that for Mr. A Mondal. Mr. Mondal born on April 30, 1955 at 7:20 PM (IST) in North-Kolkata (Latitude: 22°32' North and Longitude: 88°20' East)

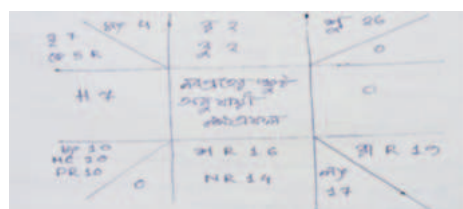


Fig.2: Nakshatra 'Sphut'

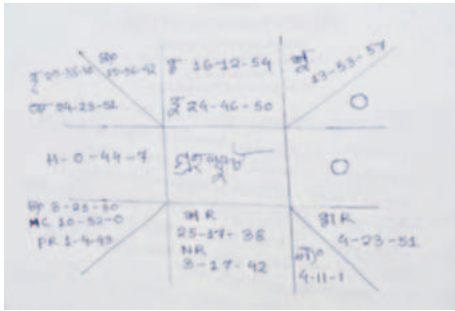


Fig.3: Graha 'Sphut'

According to birth chart and 'Sphut' Lagna of Mr. Mondal is Brischik (Scorpio) and Sphut result of Lagna is $4^{\circ}11'01''$ and as per degree of Lagna, Nakshatra is 17 that is 'Anuradha'.

Discussion on Prediction as Per Birth Chart:

Since Nakshatra 17 is ruled by the Saturn (शनि), 16 sphut appear in Saturn's vakragati (Cheshtabala)(25-17-18) lies in the house of Jupiter (बृहस्पति) and hence he's growth in life is inevitable (Vakri grahas are those planets in the solar system other than the Sun and the Moon that appear to move backwards, which apparent motion is due to the earth's orbit. 'Vakri' in Sanskrit means twisted or crooked).

In the second house, vakragati of Rahu (राह) aries 19 sphut (4-23-5) and lies in the house of Ketu. So, there will be a massive lose in between the age of 48 to 66.

The Lord of third and forth house Saturn in twelve position 25-17-38 sphut that is Nakshatra 16. Thus, there will be a lot of expenditure throughout the entire period of life.

Funding: There is no funding is available for this research.

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