Research Paper Psychology

"Anxiety in Youth About Aids Dieses" A Psychological Study

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ABSTRACT

The purpose of this research is to investigate some of the factors affecting the Anxiety of the respective youth. Respective three scientific hypotheses were framed regarding sex, standard and residence of the youth. Then the scientific hypothesis were converted into their null form to verify them. A random sample of 150 youth (75 boys & 75 girls) was selected from the population of 600 youth of M. P. Shah college ofSurendranagar. Along with therespective personal data sheet Anxiety scale about 'AIDS'was administered to them.Only after but a non experimental only after design was adopted in this research. Data was analyzed accordingly. All HO'S are significant.

KEYWORDS

INTRODUCTION

Research in HIV/AIDS has had a long and peculiar history. From the start of the HIV epidemic in Australia in 1982, the contribution of research has been central to the effective public health management of the epidemic. This has been confirmed in evaluations of the national AIDS strategies. Indeed, research has remained a central part of successive strategies and received significant funding.

There has also been a long and continuing discussion as to what ought to constitute HIV/AIDS research. No one disputes the need for biomedical research, although such research has seen significant debate about its research processes, the levels of participation of 'patients' in design and management, and its ethical precepts. It is in the field of what might best be called social research that most contention has occurred, some of it at the very level of whether social research is needed at all!

The present researcher tries to survey in psychological background with help of the youth of college students. She has made a special questionnaire to mesure the views of the youth about AIDS.

OBJECTIVES

The present study has been conducted with the following objectives.

(1) To find out the impact of sex upon the Anxiety about AIDS in youth.
(2) To find out the impact of F.Y & T.Y class upon the Anxiety about AIDS in youth.
(3) To find out the impact of residence upon the Anxiety about AIDS in youth.

HYPOTHESIS

First of all hypothesis have been framed and converted to their null from and verified through 't' test.

(1) There is no significant mean difference between anxiety scores of the boys and girls of youth.
(2) There is no significant mean difference between anxiety scores of the F.Y and T.Y class of youth.
(3) There is no significant mean difference between anxiety scores of the residence of the youth.

TOOLS

(1) Personal data sheet.
(2) Anxiety scale about "AIDS" in youth.

Personal data sheet

To collect the personal information of youth. The personal data sheet is formed. In the personal data sheet sex. F.Y and T.Y class and residence have been filled up.

Anxiety scale about "AIDS" in youth.

Anxiety scale about 'AIDS' in youth. This scale is made with help of Guide and her self. The reliability and validity are foud high

INDEPENDENT VARIABLES

(1) Sex (Male / Female)
(2) F.Y and T.Y calss
(3) Area (Rural / Urbun)

DEPENDENT VARIABLE

Aids dieses scale scores of youth.

CONTROL VARIABLE

(1) Boys and Girls
(2) F.Y and T.Y class
(3) Rural / Urban

SAMPLE

150 aids dieses about youth are selected randomly students of M. P. Shah college of Surendranagar

Among them 75 boys and 75 girls youthare randomly selected..

STATISTICAL ANALYSIS

Statistical method 't' test is used to mean the difference of Aids dieses of acquired youth.

RESULT AND DISCUSSION

Ho.1 There is no significant mean difference between aids scores of the boys and girls of youth.

Result Table No – 1

Sex	N	Mean	SD	SED	t	Signi
Boys	75	23.39	1.40	0.24	2.92	0.05
Girls	75	22.69	1.58			

Result & Discussion

We can see in the table no 1. difference between male and female youth aids dieses scores mean is 23.39 and 22.69 and

't' value is 2.92df is 73, which is significant at 0.5 level and Ho. 1 is rejected.

Ho.2 There is no significant mean difference between aids scores of the F.Y and T.Y class of youth.

Result Table No – 2

Class	N	Mean	SD	SED	t	Signi
F.Y	75	23.85	1.08	0.18	5	0.01
T.Y	75	22.95	1.15			

Result & Discussion

We can see in the table no 2. difference between F.Y & T.Y Class youth aids dieses score mean is 23.85 and 22.95 and 't' value is 5df is 73, which is significant at 0.01 level and Ho. 2 is rejected.

Ho.3 There is no significant mean difference between aids scores of the area of the youth.

Result Table No – 3

Area	N	Mean	SD	SED	t	Signi
Rural	75	20.43	1.8	0.25	11.61	0.01
Urbun	75	23.34	1.6			

Result & Discussion

We can see in the table no 3. difference between rural and urbun youth aids dieses scores mean is 20.43 and 23.34 and 't' value is 11.61df is 73, which is significant at 0.01 level and Ho. 3 is rejected.

CONCLUSION

(1) There is significant mean difference of aids dieses between boys and girls youth. So the sex is effected on the score.
(2) There is significant mean difference of aids dieses between F.Y & T.Y class of youth. So, the class is effected on the score.
(3) There is significant mean difference of aids dieses between area of rural and urban youthSo, the area is effected on the score.

REFERENCES

Dowsett Gary and Davis Mark, (1998). "HIVAIDS AND COLLABORATIVE SOCIAL RESEARCH : A DISCUSSION PAPER"