

### ORIGINAL RESEARCH PAPER

**Political Science** 

THE ROLE OF SOCIAL MEDIA CREATING PUBLIC AWARENESS AND POLITICAL PARTICIPATION IN INDIA: SOME ISSUES

**KEY WORDS:** Political, Media,Internet, Social

networking.

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BSTRACT

In recent years, Internet access, media production, and consumption have skyrocketed. This increase has had a profound effect on politics in many parts of the world in many ways. Social media has become a tool for politicians to launch their own political campaigns and activists to raise awareness of political issues and to encourage protests. Today in almost all civil society organizations in countries with high levels of internet access, the role of communication is discussed. Social media has become an inexpensive and effective tool for reaching a wider audience for political purposes.

#### INTRODUCTION

Social Media shows the real world and is about conversations. Social Forum facilitates a collaborative web site by engaging users to participate, comment and create content as a way to communicate with the graph of the community, other users and the community. Social media has emerged as a great tool for citizens to talk about issues that affect the daily life that are important to the nation.

In the 21st century, Facebook, Twitter and the You tube are not just new things in the online world, but they are emerging rapidly as promoters and creators of ideas. Social networking is a platform for building social networks. These social networking services are web-based and these provide ways for users to interact online. Social networking sites allow users to share ideas, photos, posts, activities, events, and interests with people on their network. Therefore, social media is a two-way network that not only gives you information, but also communicates with you while giving you that information and allows you to connect with other visitors as well.

This interaction can be a way of soliciting your comments or allowing you to vote on a topic, or recomm ending movies to you based on the ratings of other people with similar interests. The social network also allows information and ideas to flow between networks, such as pool ripples, to enhance ideas and to allow each person to participate as a leader in ideas by producing and distributing media, not just through minimal

#### What Is Social Media

Social media is a computer-based technology that facilitates the sharing of ideas, thoughts, and information through the building of virtual networks and communities. By design, social media is Internet-based and gives users quick electronic communication of content. Content includes personal information, documents, videos, and photos. Users engage with social media via a computer, tablet, or smartphone via web-based software or applications.

#### Types of Social Media

Social media may take the form of a variety of tech-enabled activities. These activities include photo sharing, blogging, social gaming, social networks, video sharing, business networks, virtual worlds, reviews, and much more. Even governments and politicians utilize social media to engage with constituents and voters.

For individuals, social media is used to keep in touch with friends and extended family. Some people will use various social media applications to network career opportunities, find people across the globe with like-minded interests, and share their thoughts, feelings, insights, and emotions. Those who engage in these activities are part of a virtual social network.

# Way of political participation and awareness Online political participation:

Obviously, with the increasing role of Facebook in political activities, participation has now taken a new form. Like posting and commenting online, joining and creating online groups, organizing protest events, participation in online discussions with friends and 'liking' on a Facebook profile of a political figure or party indicating political preferences; certainly have become widespread . Thus, Facebook use for online political participation yield significant influence on youth. Conroy, Feezell and Guerrero demonstrate that information exchange on Facebook fosters civic partici pation, trust, political and life contentment among youth. Online political participation is online political participatory activities carry out on Facebook such as sending political messages on Facebook to the politicians, commenting on a candidate's Facebook page, seeking donation for a political party or sharing political information on Facebook Thus, this provides youth more ways to be active in political affairs than what was not possible in the past generations. Furthermore, online activities, especially on Facebook can easily be seen, read and viewed by a large group of youth because of its high connectivity, therefore it has a strong chance of reaching and encouraging them to participate..

#### Facebook usage:

Evidently, the use of Facebook recently for online political participation, worldwide has greatly increased, especially among youth and they are particularly using it to influence social and political change. Studies have suggested that youth are now using Facebook to seek for political information, mobilize like minds, create user-generated content and share political views. Increasingly, Facebook has been used to mobilize individuals to participate in politics and protest around the world. This, however, suggest that Facebook can help convert or mobilize the people that have been disengaged from offline politics to now participate in an online political activity. This statement has synergy with the work of Theocharis and Quintelier, the authors believe that Facebook provides suitability and accessibility for a sufficient number of people, improved access to information, online opportunities for political expression and political action.

## ${\bf Interactivity\,with\,politicians:}$

Interactivity is one of the important features of online participation which encourage users to interact with both content and sender of the message. Studies that are mobilizationoriented concentrates on the idea of edemocracy which translate to an interactive online environment where youth for instance can inform themselves about topical political issues and at the same time correspond with political representatives. Facebook provides a great opportunity to politicians to reach out to their constituents and voters. The technology also link and facilitates interaction between community and elected political representatives by

providing a public online 'Wall' a space where community members can easily write comments in favour or against their political leaders. While social media in general and Facebook in particular provides important opportunities for youth to interact with politicians and various stockholders, youth can become friends and initiate other linkages with politicians in representatives bodies, government officials and prominent community leaders through Facebook. Consequently, youth 'friendship' and interaction with those important political figures are likely to be vital source of political information and viewpoint. Therefore, these politicians may have the tendencies of mobilizing and influencing youth to participate in online political activities.

#### Facebook information quality:

Studies have reveals that people use a particular channel of communication because of both external and internal factors for instance, the strength and quality of the information, , the organization and arrangement of the information and also the completeness and reliability of the information . Similarly, individual personal purpose or intention of having good and reliable information can motivate people to select and use a specific media, therefore this can help in ascertain and justifying Facebook information quality as a motivating factor for youth unparticular for using Facebook for online political participation. Clearly, what motivate youth to use Facebook is their ability to interact with friends and share quality and accurate information with people. Correa, Hinsley, and de Zúñiga, emphasized that the higher the speed and quality of information is and the higher possibility to be politically engaged with other issues and people

#### **Political interest:**

Superficially, there is a large consensus among scholars that among all other predictors, political interests have a strong influence in terms of motivation to participate in politics. This statement has a synergy with the work of they supported this assertion by emphasizing that political interest is an attitude that provide a stable and sustainable outcome in politics because it often tells whether an individual may be politically active or passive. Therefore, it may be correct to say that Facebook users promote political interest and influence friends in their network are likely to participate in online politics. Additionally, Vissers et.al corroborated that opportunities for political participation are more likely to manifest if the level of political interest among youth specifically is high. It will also be correct to advance the discussion that political interest is a necessary condition of participation as it measures youth's online political participation. Political interest is significant in political participation because it provide the motivation to get political information, skill or knowledge which is relevant in assessing political alternatives.

Consequently, Facebook is now the alternative platform of political expression and political interest appears to be a significant antecedent and predictor of online political participation among youth . Facebook political activities such as reading and posting political opinions, interacting with politicians on Facebook, and discussing politics with friends on Facebook groups may likely influence interest and knowledge about positive social and political issues, later facilitating participation in other online political activities.

# How social media may be used for influencing political opinions and election decisions Political profiling may says the following types of issues

## Political profiling may cause the following types of issues for democracies:

- Political ads are highly optimized and targeted to specific individuals. Individual users often do not know how, through whom, and why they are being influence.
- "Virality" of online content means an exponential dissemination of information. It is created by "retweeting, favouriting, and replying" and has become an indicator of

online message effectiveness (This effectiveness is favourable for advertisers, but also for manipulators who use triggers to gain attention. Novelty, aggressive claims, exciting news and assertations are forwarded to likeminded group members. analysed the diffusion of news on Twitter and classified true and false information by using six independent fact-checking organizations. They found out that falsehood diffused significantly farther, faster, deeper, and more broadly than the truth in all categories.

- Disinformation is usually not contextualized and their origin often remains opaque. Content cannot always be verified/falsified by fact-checking, and filtering algorit hms struggle with coded terminology and irony.
- 4. The anonymity of sources, paired with privacy protection, makes it impossible for police to detect and sue persons who upload illegal and illegitimate content on social media. Since alarming news is shared more frequently, journalists and politicians are experiencing defamations or threats, which diminish their preparedness for working, or and standing as a candidate, in difficult times.
- 5. A communicative "race to the bottom" decreases respect both for human dignity, and for a fact-orientated and balanced societal dialogue. Fake news and digital agitation diminish the common ground on which societies are built, and could erode trust in the democratic process of societal discourse and co-operation.

This list is not exhaustive. It contains the most important issues, and shows how impacts reinforce each other. "Hate speech, fraudulent material, deliberate propaganda, and misinformation all grew largely unchecked in an environment where platforms did not police the content they hosted with enough rigour.". After the Brexit vote, the emphasized: "The principle of electoral transparency is not met if the voters have no freedom to seek, receive and impart information about the process and the candidates, including about the source and spending of financial support received by a candidate or a party."

#### Criticism

# There are four ways social media plays a significant role in conflict:.

- 1. Social media platforms allow information to be framed in mainstream platforms which limits communication.
- Social media enables news stories to quickly go viral and later can lead to misinterpretations that can cause conflict.
- Strategies and the adaption of social media has caused a change in focus amongst leaders from administrative dynamics to new media technology.
- Technological advancements in communication can increase the power of persuasion leading to corruption, scandals, and violence on social media platforms.

#### CONCLUSION

Analysis, integration, tracking, profile, prediction and recommendations are powerful tools to support decision-making. Profile information and targeted information created by machine learning algorithms are growing exponentially, as well as your importance in citizen political decision-making. In digital media, AI can (incorrectly-) be used as a power tool for filtering information and targeted (incorrect) and/or deceptive information. This can happen in a variety of formats such as text, audio and video, and is repeated by social bots and viral effects. This may be necessary in order for it to play a direct role in equitable negotiations between competing parties and civil society groups, to protect trust in their democratic and legal system and to help strengthen a fragile democracy.

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