

ORIGINAL RESEARCH PAPER

English Literature

INDIAN THEORY OF ALANKARAS WITH REFERENCE TO COLERIDGE'S "THE RIME OF THE ANCIENT MARINER"

KEY WORDS:

Dr. Anshu Nayyar

Associate Professor Deptt. Of English Pt. J.L.N. Govt. P.G. College Faridabad (Haryana)

Charan kamal bando hari raee...

The Rime of the Ancient Mariner

And cursed me with his eye

Was a flash of golden fire

Khel rahi thi jal thal mei...

*

The merry minstrelsy...

The furrow followed free

Each turned his face with a ghastly pang

They coil'd and swam, and every track

Charu Chandra ki Chanchal kiranein

The Rime of the Ancient Mariner

He holds him with his skinny hand

3) Anuprasa Alankara (Alliteration in English) is the repetition

of the same sound in the beginning of the words in the same

4) Manvikaran Alankara (Personification in English) is the figure of speech where inanimate objects are attributed

human qualities, thus making them appear as living beings.

A figure of speech is a creative use of language to generate an effect. In Hindi it is known as Alankara which means Abhushan or Ornamentation. The purpose of using a figure of speech is to add to the beauty of a piece of literature and making it ornamental or decorative. There are various figures of speech in English as they are in Hindi. Some of them are Simile (Upma), Metaphor (Roopak), Personification (Manvikaran), Alliteration (Anuprasa), and so on. In this paper, these figures of speech have been pointed out through various examples in the poem "The Rime of the Ancient Mariner" by Samuel Taylor Coleridge. These have been compared simultaneously with verses from various poems in Hindi. Figures of speech form an integral part of language. They are used in polished poetry and prose and also in everyday speech. They provide a deeper meaning to the work of literature

line.

ALANKARAS or ABHOOSHAN in Hindi are meant for the purpose of ornamentation or decoration. In literature Alankaras decorate the style of writing, thus making it beautiful. In English literature Alankaras are known as Figures of Speech. A figure of speech is a use of a word diverging from its usual meaning, or a special repetition, arrangement, or omission of words with literal meaning, or a phrase with a specialized meaning not based on the literal meaning of the words in it. Besides serving as the ornaments of language, Alankaras also make a work suggestive by providing a deeper meaning in addition to the superficial or the surface

Some examples of Hindi Alankaras that have their parallels in English literature are as follows:

- 1. UPAMA (SIMILE)
- 2.ROOPAK (METAPHOR)
- 3. ANUPRASA (ALLITERATION)
- 4. MANVIKARAN (PERSONIFICATION)
- 5. ATISHAYOKTI (HYPERBOLE)
- 6. DHWANYARTHA VYANJANA (ONOMATOPOEIA)
- 1) Upama Alankara (Simile in English) is the comparison of two persons or objects on the basis of a similar quality, using the words 'as' or 'like'.

Hari-pad komal kamal se Jo asbko sukh det...

The Rime of the Ancient Mariner-Nor dim nor red, like god's own head The glorious sun uprist...

The bride hath paced into the hall Red as a rose is she

The water like a witch's oils Burnt green and blue and white

Day after day, day after day We stuck, nor breath nor motion As idle as a painted ship Upon a painted ocean

2) Roopak Alankara (Metaphor in English) is a hidden or concealed comparison where one thing is thought to be another, Eg.

Kankan kinkin noopur dhuni suni Kahat Lakahn san Ram hridaya guni The Rime of the Ancient Mariner

Beeti vibhavari jaag ri Ambar panghat mein dubo rahi Taraghat uska naagari...

The Rime of the Ancient Mariner The sun came up upon the left Out of the sea came he And he shown bright, and on the right Went down into the sea...

Then there came the violent storm And he was tyrannous and strong...

5) Dhwanyartha Vyanjana (Onomatopoeia in English) is the Alankara or figure of speech where the words suggest the sound, or, in other words, the sounds suggest the meaning.

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It crack'd and growl'd, and roar'd and howl'd...

Thus, to conclude we can say that literature, especially poems, rich in Alankaras or Figures of speech present before us an embellished style and also gives us an opportunity to look beneath the literal sense of the words.

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